SPRAYR - Spray sur-mesure

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Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: SPRAYR

Product name Spray sur-mesure

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name Riviera Couleurs
Full address Av. Reller 32

District and Country 1804 Corsier-sur-Vevey (VD)

ΕN

Tel. O21/9227948

Fax

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

info@riviera-couleurs.ch

Product distribution by: Riviera Couleurs

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Bambino Gesù Roma 0668593726, Foggia 0881732326, A.Cardarelli Napoli

0817472870, Umberto I Roma 0649978000, A.Gemelli Roma 063054343, Careggi Firenze 0557947819, Pavia 038224444, Niguarda Ca' Granda Milano 0266101029,

Papa Giovanni XXII Bergamo 800883300

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H304 H373 H318 H315 H335

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Danger

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SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>>

Hazard statements:

Extremely flammable aerosol. H222

Pressurised container: may burst if heated. H229 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Causes serious eye damage. H318

H315 Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. H335 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H336

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

Contains: XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

> **BUTANOL ACETONE**

N-BUTYL ACETATE

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)

N-BUTYL ACETATE

CAS 123-86-4 $10 \le x < 20$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

204-658-1 EC INDEX 607-025-00-1 Reg. no. 01-2119485493-29

ACETONE

CAS 67-64-1 $10 \le x < 20$ Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC 200-662-2 INDEX 606-001-00-8 01-2119471330-49 Reg. no.

dimetiletere

CAS 115-10-6 $9 \le x < 30$ Aerosol 1 H222, Aerosol 3 H229

EC 2040658

INDEX

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, CAS 1330-20-7 $10 \le x < 20$

STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335,

Classification note/notes according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C

FC 215-535-7 INDEX 601-022-00-9 Reg. no. 01-2119488216-32

NITROCELLULOSE

CAS 9004-70-0 $5 \le x < 9$ Expl. 1.1 H201,

Classification note/notes according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: T

INDFX 603-037-00-6

Urea-isobutyraldehyde-formaldehyde resin

28931-47-7 5 ≤ x < 9 CAS Aquatic Chronic 4 H413

EC INDEX

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SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients .../>>

PROPAN-2-OL

CAS 67-63-0 1 ≤ x < 5 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336

EC 200-661-7 INDEX 603-117-00-0 Reg. no. 01-2119457558-25

BUTANOL

CAS 71-36-3 $1 \le x < 3$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315,

STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336

EC 200-751-6 INDEX 603-004-00-6 Rea. no. 01-2119484630-38

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

CAS 111-76-2 $1 \le x < 5$ Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Irrit. 2 H319,

Skin Irrit, 2 H315

EC 203-905-0 INDEX 603-014-00-0 Reg. no. 01-2119475108-36

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

CAS 108-65-6 $0.5 \le x < 1$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226

EC 203-603-9 INDEX 607-195-00-7 Reg. no. 01-2119475791-29

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

The product is an aerosol containing propellants. For the purposes of calculation of the health hazards, propellants are not considered (unless they have health hazards). The percentages indicated are inclusive of the propellants.

Percentage of propellants: 15,50 %

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

If overheated, aerosol cans can deform, explode and be propelled considerable distances. Put a protective helmet on before approaching the fire. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

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Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site. Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not disperse in the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use inert absorbent material to soak up leaked product. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not spray on flames or incandescent bodies. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Do not breathe spray.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a place where adequate ventilation is ensured, away from direct sunlight at a temperature below 50°C / 122°F, away from any combustion sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2020
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2020
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2020
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2020
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2020
BGR	България	МИНИСТЕРСТВО НА ТРУДА И СОЦИАЛНАТА ПОЛИТИКА МИНИСТЕРСТВО НА ЗДРАВЕОПАЗВАНЕТО НАРЕДБА No 13 от 30 декември 2003 г (4 Септември 2018г)
DEU	Deutschland	TRGS 900 - Seite 1 von 69 (Fassung 29.03.2019)- Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

		Kurzzeitwerte
ESP	España	LÍMITES DE EXPOSICIÓN PROFESIONAL PARA AGENTES QUÍMICOS EN ESPAÑA 2019 (INSST)
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
HUN	Magyarország	A pénzügyminiszter 7/2018. (VIII. 29.) PM rendelete a munkahelyek kémiai biztonságáról szóló 25/2000. (IX. 30.) EüM–SZCSM együ, TTes rendelet módosításáról.
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NLD	Nederland	Regeling van de Staatssecretaris van Sociale Zaken en Werkgelegenheid van 13 juli 2018, 2018-0000118517 tot wijziging van de Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling in verband met de implementatie van Richtlijn 2017/164 in Bijlage XIII
POL	Polska	ROZPORZĄDZENIE MINISTRA RODZINY, PRACY I POLITYKI SPOŁECZNEJ z dnia 12 czerwca 2018 r
ROU	România	HOTĂRÂRE nr. 584 din 2 august 2018 pentru modificarea Hotărârii Guvernului nr. 1.218/2006 privind stabilirea cerințelor minime de securitate și sănătate în muncă pentru asigurarea protecției lucrătorilor împotriva riscurilor legate de prezența agenților chimici
SVK	Slovensko	Nariadenie vlády č. 33/2018 Z. z. Nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky č. 355/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zamestnancov pred rizikami súvisiacimi s expozíciou chemickým faktorom pri práci v znení neskorších predpisov
SVN	Slovenija	Uradni list Republike Slovenije 20.12.2019 - Uradnem listu RS št. 78/19 -PRAVILNIK o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Third edition, published 2018)

Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive

2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2020

OEL EU

EU

				N-BUTY	L ACETATE				
Threshold Limit \	/alue			N BOTT	LAGETATE				
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Ob	servations		
	,	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
OEL	EU	241	50	723	150				
OEL	EU	241	50	723	150				
TLV-ACGIH			50		150				
OEL	EU	241	50	723	150				
TLV-ACGIH			50		150				
TLV-ACGIH			50		150				
TLV	BGR	710		950					
AGW	DEU	300	62	600 (C)	124 (C)				
VLA	ESP	724	150	965	200				
VLEP	FRA	710	150	940	200				
AK	HUN	241		723					
TGG	NLD	150							
NDS/NDSCh	POL	240		720					
TLV	ROU	715	150	950	200				
NPEL	SVK	500	100	700	150				
MV	SVN	300	62	600	124				
WEL	GBR	724	150	966	200				
OEL	EU	241	50	723	150				
TLV-ACGIH			50		150				
Predicted no-effe		ation - PNE	С						
Normal value in	n fresh water						0,18	mg/l	
Normal value in	n marine wate	er					0,018	mg/l	
Normal value for	or fresh water	r sediment					0,981	mg/kg	
Normal value for			t				0,0981	mg/kg	
Normal value o							35,6	mg/l	
Normal value for			ment				0,0903	mg/kg	
Normal value for							0,36	mg/l	
Health - Derived I									
		cts on consi				Effects on work			
Route of expos				Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loca	- ,	stemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Inhalation	859	•	*	102,34	102,34	960	960	480	480
	mg/	m3 mg	/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3

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				ACE	TONE	
eshold Limit \	/alue					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15n	nin	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
OEL	EU	1210	500			
OEL	EU	1210	500			
TLV-ACGIH			250		500	
OEL	EU	1210	500			
TLV-ACGIH			250		500	
TLV-ACGIH			250		500	
TLV	BGR	600		1400		
AGW	DEU	1200	500	2400 (C)	1000 (C)	
MAK	DEU	1200	500	2400	1000	
VLEP	FRA	1210	500	2420	1000	
AK	HUN	1210				
VLEP	ITA	1210	500			
TGG	NLD	1210		2420		
NDS/NDSCh	POL	600		1800		
TLV	ROU	1210	500			
NPEL	SVK	1210	500			
MV	SVN	1210	500	2420	1000	
WEL	GBR	1210	500	3620	1500	
OEL	EU	1210	500			
TLV-ACGIH			250		500	

				XYLENE (MIXT	URE OF ISO	MERS)			
hreshold Limit \									
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15		Remarks / C	Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150				
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150				
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150				
TLV	BGR	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN			
MAK	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN			
VLA	ESP	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
AK	HUN	221		442		SKIN			
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
TGG	NLD	210		442		SKIN			
NDS/NDSCh	POL	100		200		SKIN			
TLV	ROU	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
NPEL	SVK	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
MV	SVN	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	SKIN			
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150				
Predicted no-effe	ct concentra	ation - PNE	C						
Normal value in	n fresh water						0,327	mg/l	
Normal value ir	n marine wate	er					0,327	mg/l	
Normal value for	or fresh wate	r sediment					12,46	mg/kg	
Normal value for	or marine wa	ter sedimen	t				12,46	mg/kg	
Normal value for	or water, inte	rmittent rele	ase				0,327	mg/l	
Normal value o	,						6,58	mg/l	
Normal value for			ment				2,31	mg/kg	
Health - Derived I							_,-,-		
		cts on cons				Effects on wo	rkers		
Route of expos			ute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
riodio oi oxpoo	loca		stemic	local	systemic	, touto local	systemic	local	
Inhalation	174	- ,		0	14,8	289	289	0	,
milalation	mg/		y/mc	mg/mc	mg/mc	mg/mc	mg/mc	mg/mc	
Skin	ilig/	1110	<i>j</i> , 1110	0	108	mg/mc	mg/mc	0	
OKIII				mg/kg	mg/kg			mg/kg	
				my/kg	mg/kg			mg/kg	Chronic systemic 77 mg/mc 180 mg/kg

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				PRO	PAN-2-OL				
Threshold Limit \	/alue								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / O	oservations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV-ACGIH		492	200	983	400				
TLV-ACGIH		492	200	983	400				
TLV-ACGIH		492	200	983	400				
TLV	BGR	980		1225					
AGW	DEU	500	200	1000	400				
MAK	DEU	500	200	1000	400				
VLA	ESP	500	200	1000	400				
VLEP	FRA			980	400				
AK	HUN	500		1000		SKIN			
TGG	NLD	650							
NDS/NDSCh	POL	900		1200		SKIN			
TLV	ROU	200	81	500	203				
NPEL	SVK	500	200	1000	400				
MV	SVN	500	200	2000	800				
WEL	GBR	999	400	1250	500				
TLV-ACGIH		492	200	983	400				
Predicted no-effe		ation - PNE	3						
Normal value in							140,9	mg/l	
Normal value in	marine wate	er					140,9	mg/l	
Normal value for	or fresh water	r sediment					552	mg/kg	
Normal value for	or marine wat	ter sediment					552	mg/kg	
Normal value for			ase				140,9	mg/l	
Normal value o		•					2,251	mg/l	
Normal value for		,	, ,	ing)			160	mg/kg	
Normal value for							28	mg/kg	
lealth - Derived r									
		cts on consu				Effects on wor			
Route of expos				Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loca	l sys	temic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral					26				

Inhalation Skin

				BU	ITANOL				
hreshold Limit V	/alue								
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / C	Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV-ACGIH		61	20						
TLV-ACGIH		61	20						
TLV-ACGIH		61	20						
TLV	BGR	100		150					
AGW	DEU	310	100	310	100				
MAK	DEU	310	100	310	100				
VLA	ESP	61	20	154	50				
VLEP	FRA			150	50				
AK	HUN	45		90		SKIN			
TGG	NLD			45					
NDS/NDSCh	POL	50		150		SKIN			
TLV	ROU	100	33	200	66				
NPEL	SVK	310	100						
MV	SVN	310	100	310	100				
WEL	GBR			154	50	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH		61	20						
redicted no-effe	ct concentra	ation - PNEC	3						
Normal value in	fresh water						0,082	mg/l	
Normal value in	marine water	er					0,0082	mg/l	
Normal value for	or fresh water	r sediment					0,178	mg/l	
Normal value for	or marine wat	ter sediment					0,0178	mg/l	
Normal value of	STP microc	organisms					2476	mg/l	
Normal value for	or the terrestr	rial compartn	nent				0,015	mg/kg	

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

•		•							
				2-BUTO	XYETHANOL				
Threshold Limit \									
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15		Remarks / O	bservations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
OEL	EU	98	20	246	50	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH		97	20						
OEL	EU	98	20	246	50	SKIN			
OEL	EU	98	20	246	50	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH		97	20						
TLV-ACGIH		97	20						
TLV	BGR	98	20	246	50	SKIN			
AGW	DEU	49	10	98 (C)	20 (C)	SKIN			
MAK	DEU	49	10	98	20	SKIN	Hinweis		
VLA	ESP	98	20	245	50	SKIN			
VLEP	FRA	49	10	246	50	SKIN			
AK	HUN	98		246		SKIN			
VLEP	ITA	98	20	246	50	SKIN			
TGG	NLD	100		246		SKIN			
NDS/NDSCh	POL	98		200		SKIN			
TLV	ROU	98	20	246	50	SKIN			
NPEL	SVK	98	20	246	50	SKIN			
MV	SVN	98	20	246	50	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	123	25	246	50	SKIN			
OEL	EU	98	20	246	50	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH		97	20						
Predicted no-effe	ct concentra	tion - PNEC							
Normal value in	fresh water						8,8	mg/l	
Normal value in	marine wate	er					0,88	mg/l	
Normal value for							34,6	mg/kg	
Normal value for							3,46	mg/kg	
Normal value of							463	mg/l	
Normal value for			nent				2,8	mg/kg	
Health - Derived r							_,0		
20		cts on consu				Effects on wor	kers		
Route of expos				Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
01 0/1000	local		temic	local	systemic	, 100ai	systemic	local	systemic
Oral	NPI	13,4		NPI	3,2		0,000,1110	.500.	2,00011110
Cidi		mg/			mg/kg				
Inhalation	123	426		NPI	49	50	135	NPI	20
uiutioii	mg/r			. 41 1	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	. •	mg/kg
	NPI	44,		NPI	38	NPI	89	NPI	75
Skin									

			2-ME	THOXY-1-MET	THYLETHY	/L ACETATE	
Threshold Limit V	/alue						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN	
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN	
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN	
TLV	BGR	275	50	550	100	SKIN	
AGW	DEU	270	50	270	50		
MAK	DEU	270	50	270	50		
VLA	ESP	275	50	550	100	SKIN	
VLEP	FRA	275	50	550	100	SKIN	
AK	HUN	275		550			
VLEP	ITA	275	50	550	100	SKIN	
TGG	NLD	550					
NDS/NDSCh	POL	260		520		SKIN	
TLV	ROU	275	50	550	100	SKIN	
NPEL	SVK	275	50	550	100	SKIN	
MV	SVN	275	50	550	100	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100	SKIN	
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN	

Legend

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction. VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

None required.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, a mask with a type AX filter combined with a type P filter should be worn (see standard EN 14387).

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties Value Appearance aerosol Colour Not available Odour characteristic Odour threshold Not available Not available Melting point / freezing point Not available Initial boiling point Not applicable Not available Boiling range Flash point Not applicable **Evaporation Rate** Not available Flammability of solids and gases Not available Lower inflammability limit Not available Upper inflammability limit Not available Lower explosive limit Not available Upper explosive limit Not available Not available Vapour pressure Vapour density Not available Not available Relative density Solubility Not available Not available Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Not available Decomposition temperature Not available Not available Viscosity Explosive properties Not available Oxidising properties Not available

Information

9.2. Other information

Total solids (250°C / 482°F) 111,77 % VOC (volatile carbon): 39,34 %

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity .../>>

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Decomposes on contact with: water.

ACETONE

Decomposes under the effect of heat.

NITROCELLULOSE

Avoid exposure to: heat,naked flames. Avoid contact with: strong oxidants. Fire hazard. Decomposes under the effect of heat.

Attacks various types of plastic materials.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Decomposes under the effect of heat.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

ACETONE

Risk of explosion on contact with: bromine trifluoride,fluorine dioxide,hydrogen peroxide,nitrosyl chloride,2-methyl-1,3

butadiene,nitromethane,nitrosyl perchlorate. May react dangerously with: potassium tert-butoxide,alkaline

hydroxides,bromine,bromoform,isoprene,sodium,sulphur dioxide,chromium trioxide,chromyl chloride,nitric

acid,chloroform,peroxymonosulphuric acid,phosphoryl oxychloride,chromosulphuric acid,fluorine,strong oxidising agents,strong reducing agents.Develops flammable gas on contact with: nitrosyl perchlorate.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. Reacts violently with: strong oxidants, strong acids, nitric acid, perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

NITROCELLULOSE

Avoid exposure to: heat, shocks. Possibility of explosion.

BUTANOL

Reacts violently developing heat on contact with: aluminium,strong oxidising agents,strong reducing agents,hydrochloric acid.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

May react dangerously with: aluminium, oxidising agents. Forms peroxides with: air.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

 $\label{thm:maximum} \mbox{May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.}$

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: moisture, sources of heat, naked flames.

ACETONE

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat,naked flames.

BUTANOL

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat,naked flames.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat,naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong reducing or oxidising agents, strong acids or alkalis, hot material.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: water, nitrates, strong oxidants, acids, alkalis, zinc.

ACETONE

Incompatible with: acids,oxidising substances.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

ACETONE

May develop: ketenes,irritant substances.

NITROCELLULOSE

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May develop: nitric oxide. 2-BUTOXYETHANOL May develop: hydrogen.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

Information on likely routes of exposure

N-BUTYL ACETATE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

N-BUTYL ACETATE

In humans, the substance's vapours cause irritation of the eyes and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, skin irritation, dermatitis (dryness and cracking of the skin) and keratitis appear.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

Interactive effects

N-BUTYL ACETATE

A case of acute intoxication been reported involving a 33 year old worker while cleaning a tank with a preparation containing xylenes, butyl acetate and ethylene glycol acetate. The person had irritation of the conjunctiva and upper respiratory tract, drowsiness and motor coordination disorders, which disappeared within 5 hours. The symptoms are attributed to poisoning by mixed xylenes and butyl acetate, with a possible synergistic effect responsible for the neurological effects. Cases of vacuolar keratitis are reported in workers exposed to a mixture of butyl acetate and isobutanol vapours, but with uncertainty concerning the responsibility of a particular solvent (INRC, 2011).

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l
ATE (Oral) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg

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XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

 LD50 (Oral)
 3523 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal)
 4350 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation)
 26 mg/l/4h Rat

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

LD50 (Oral) 8530 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Dermal) > 5000 mg/kg Rat

BUTANOL

 LD50 (Oral)
 790 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal)
 3400 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation)
 8000 ppm/4h Rat

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

LD50 (Oral) 1300 mg/kg porcellino d'india LD50 (Dermal) > 2000 mg/kg porcellino d'india LC50 (Inhalation) > 58 ppm/1h porcellino d'india

NITROCELLULOSE

LD50 (Oral) > 5000 mg/kg Rat

PROPAN-2-OL

 LD50 (Oral)
 5840 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal)
 13900 mg/kg coniglio

 LC50 (Inhalation)
 > 25000 mg/l/4h Rat

N-BUTYL ACETATE

 LD50 (Oral)
 > 6400 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal)
 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation)
 21,1 mg/l/4h Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

May cause damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD

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Toxic for aspiration

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

EC50 - for Crustacea > 500 mg/l/48h

BUTANOL

EC50 - for Crustacea 1328 mg/l/48h Daphnia Magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 225 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subsubcapitata

LC10 for Fish 1376 mg/l/96h pimephales promelas

EC10 for Crustacea 2476 mg/l/48h Pseudomona putida Acqua dolce

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 4,1 mg/l Daphnia magna acqua dolce

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

LC50 - for Fish 1474 mg/l/96h Oncorthynchus mykiss EC50 - for Crustacea 1550 mg/l/48h daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 1840 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitta

Chronic NOEC for Fish > 100 mg/l Brachydanio rerio Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 100 mg/l daphnia magna

PROPAN-2-OL

LC50 - for Fish 9640 mg/l/96h Pimephals promelas

N-BUTYL ACETATE

LC50 - for Fish 18 mg/l/96h Pimephales magna EC50 - for Crustacea 44 mg/l/48h Daphnia Magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 675 mg/l/72h Scenedesmus subspicatus

12.2. Persistence and degradability

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Solubility in water 100 - 1000 mg/l

Degradability: information not available

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

BUTANOL

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

PROPAN-2-OL Rapidly degradable

ACETONE

Rapidly degradable

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,12 BCF 25,9

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2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,2

BUTANOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1
BCF 3.16

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,81

PROPAN-2-OL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,05 Kow

ACETONE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -0,23 BCF 3

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,3 BCF 15.3

12.4. Mobility in soil

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Partition coefficient: soil/water 2,73

BUTANOL

Partition coefficient: soil/water 0,388

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: soil/water < 3

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: AEROSOLS IMDG: AEROSOLS

IATA: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

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SECTION 14. Transport information .../>>

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 2 Label: 2.1

IMDG: Class: 2 Label: 2.1

IATA: Class: 2 Label: 2.1



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: -- Limited Quantities: 1 L Tunnel restriction code: (D)

Special Provision: IMDG: EMS: F-D. S-U

IMDG: EMS: F-D, S-U Limited Quantities: 1 L
IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 150 Kg Packaging instructions: 203

Pass.: Maximum quantity: 75 Kg Packaging instructions: 203 Special Instructions: A145, A167, A802

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: P3b

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 40 Contained substance

Point 52 FTALATO ISONONILE

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

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SECTION 15. Regulatory information .../>>

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Expl. 1.1 Explosive, division 1.1

Aerosol 1 Aerosol, category 1

Aerosol 3 Aerosol, category 3

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2

Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3

Acute Tox 4 Acute toxicity category 4

Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 **Aquatic Chronic 4** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 4

H201 Explosive; mass explosion hazard.
 H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
 H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation

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SECTION 16. Other information .../>>

- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.